

International Negotiation Strategies

Negotiation Techniques

Martin Olsson Lutz Küderli Michael Dyrna



Navigator

Negotiation Techniques

I.
Turning Negotiation into a Corporate Capability

II. Negotiating the Spirit of the deal

III. Six Habits of Merely Effective Negotiators

Martin Olsson Lutz Küderli Michael Dyrna

April 8, 2014

Folie 2

Turning Negotiation into a Corporate Capability

(Danny Ertel)

Negotiating the Spirit of the Deal

(Ron S. Fortgang, David A. Lax, James J. Sebenius)

Six Habits of Merely Effective Negotiators

(Sebenius, James K.)



Overview

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- Importance of negotiating
- 2. Situational view
- 3. Four steps to a systematical view
- 4. Conclusion



Importance of negotiating

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Folie 4

Contracts

- Outsourcing
- Purchasing
- Product development
- All business initiatives

Business development

- Partnership, Alliances and Agreements
- No negotiation changes



Situational View

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- Separate events
 - All negotiations independent
 - Own goals, tactics and measures
- Negotiators game
 - Personal judgment, timing and experience
- Complex to coordinate
 - Corporate conflicts
 - Negotiations can hurt relationships



Four steps to a systematical view – step 1

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Folie 6

Grupo Financiero Serfin

- Traditional negotiating
- Negotiation infrastructure
 - Links to strategies
 - Better education and communication
 - Understanding
 - Priority order of negotiation interrests





Four steps to a systematical view - step 2

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- Traditional measures
 - Best price and lowest cost
- Broader measures
 - Focus on process
 - Open communication
 - Relationship measures
 - Gains in quality, performance, image?
 - · Ideas generated?



Four steps to a systematical view – step 3

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- Hostage relationships
 - Attention to costly customers
 - One deal can hurt a relationship
- Distinction between deal and relationship
 - Independence
 - Willingess to make trade-offs
 - Building trust
 - Open conversation



Four steps to a systematical view - step 4

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- Never lose a client policy
 - Must come to an Agreement
 - Forced to make concessions
 - South African Metropolitan
 - > 45% of advertising space discounts
 - Reduced the papers revenues and profit
- Learning to walk away
 - Importance of BATNA
 - No is always an alternative



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- The impact of a negotiation infrastructure
 - More rewarding for negotiators
 - Simple preparations
 - BATNA more freedom
 - More creative solutions
 - More creative relationships with suppliers, customers and other partners



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- 1. Social vs. economic contracts
- 2. The nature of social contracts
- 3. Underlying and ongoing social contracts
- 4. Risk factors
- 5. Conclusion



Social vs. economic contracts

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- Economic understanding of a long-term contract:
 - Repeated transactions
- Social understanding:
 - Relationship between involved parties
 - Each party has expectations about a deal
- Dependency between these: No successful economic contract without a successful social contract and vice versa
- The social contract is not often not addressed



The nature of social contracts

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Social contracts include

- Unarticulated expectations by both sides
- Norms guiding the interaction
- A shared view is not implied in a social contract
 - Neither do cultures and values have to be compatible
 - But both sides should share expectations!
- A social contract does not imply an equal relationship
- "Just trust" is not enough



Underlying and ongoing social contracts

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Underlying social contract (What?)

Ongoing social contract (How?)

- Extent & nature of the relationship
- Duration open-ended or fixed
- Decision-making
- Handle changes
- Communication

- Problems often occur if parties have fundamentally different goals
- Often culture clashes
- Often unexpected problems



Risk factors (I)

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Problems with social contracts:

Misunderstanding about the nature of the contract

Spirit of the deal Letter of the deal VS.

- Changing circumstances
 - Buyouts, mergers, changing management
 - Shifts in attitude
 - Economic environment
- Solution: try to weave an interest web that commits both parties
 - e. g., do not depend on one person
 - But: do prepare exit clauses



Risk factors (II)

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- Different cultures lead to misunderstandings
- Third parties not considered but involved in the contract
 - e. g. distributors, investors
- Not enough parties involved
 - Only CEOs discuss a deal



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A contract should not be seen as a legalistic approach only

- But: many social contracts details can be put into a written agreement
- It is important to deal with the social contract up front
 - But: negotiation does not stop "when the ink dries"
 - When circumstances change, dealing with the social contract can be the key to success
- Always try to find out whether your goals are in line with the other side's



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Neglecting the Other Side's Problem

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- Objective of any negotiation: result meets own interests better then best no-deal option
- Minimum requirement: understand your counterpart's point of view
- Better: understand your counterpart's interests and no-deal options
- otherwise: inability to influence counterpart's point of view ("If you want to change someone's mind, you should learn where that person's mind is.")



Letting Price Bulldoze Other Interests

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Danger: turn cooperative deal into adversarial one

- Price is an important factor, but not the only one:
 - Relationship: especially important in southern + Asian countries; follow-up deals
 - Social Contract: "spirit of the deal"; important for venture's longevity + unforeseen conflicts
 - Process: should be personal, respectful, straightforward, fair > sustainable results
 - Interests of the Full Set of Players: what is rational for the whole may not to be so for the parts!



Letting Positions Drive Out Interests

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7 (prii 0, 2014

- Issue = topic for explicit agreement
 - e.g.: base salary in a job offer
- Position = a party's stand on issues
 - e.g.: I need to earn \$ 100.000
- Interests = underlying concerns affected by the resolution
 - e.g.: status, security, opportunities
- Cause: "fixed-pie view": "your gain is my loss"
- Better: expand pie and share



Searching Too Hard For Common Ground

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- Conventional wisdom: overcome differences; find win-win agreements
- Sources of value also arise from differences. among parties.
- Finding differences can break open deadlocked deals.
- Differences in forecast can fuel joint gains.
- differences in risk-averseness, impatience, cost or revenue structure, tax status, ...
- If we were all alike, there would be little to negotiate!



Neglecting BATNAs

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- recall: BATNA = best alternative to a negotiated agreement
- this can be
 - walk away
 - approach another potential buyer, supplier, investor
 - in-house achievement
 - going to court
- Accept good BATNA is better than a deal with damage.
- Also consider your counterpart's BATNAs!
- Don't damage your BATNAs!



Falling to Correct for Skewed Vision

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Self-Serving Role Bias

- "believe your own line"
- interpret information in a self-serving way
- Partisan Perceptions
 - own talent, honesty, moral, intelligence, etc. is overestimated while counterpart is underestimated
 - danger: self-fulfilling prophecy

Solutions

- be aware of the problem
- consult uninvolved parties



Conclusion and Outlook

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lessons learned:

- focus on the full set of interests of all parties
- identify value-creating differences
- assess and shape BATNAs
- avoid role biases and partisan perceptions

more pitfalls to be aware of:

- cultural gaffes (> next presentation)
- disrespect
- bad timing
- miscommunication
- wrong person to negotiate with
- bad sequence
- •





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